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[Inclosure.]

Mortality of the city of Habana and town of Regla for the week ended Thursday, March 10, 1898.

Cause of death.	Habana.	Regla.	Total.
Yellow fever.....		1	1
Enteric fever.....	7		7
Pernicious fever.....	5		5
Malarial fever.....	15	7	22
Smallpox.....	20		20
Caquexia paludica.....	19	3	22
Enteritis.....	79	13	92
Dysentery.....	40	17	57
Diarrhea.....	10	3	13
Pneumonia.....	11		11
Tuberculosis.....	51	3	54
Meningitis.....	5		5
Deaths from all causes.....	328	52	380
Deaths in military hospitals.....	100	59	159
Deaths in military hospitals from yellow fever.....		1	1
Annual ratio per 1,000.....			98.80

Sanitary report from Santiago.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, *March 12, 1898.*

SIR : I have the honor of submitting the following report on the sanitary condition of Santiago de Cuba for the week ended March 12 :

There were 77 deaths reported, 22 less than last week. Of these, 8 were from dysentery, 4 from tuberculosis, 12 from enteritis, 3 from typhomalaria, 10 from pernicious and 5 from remittent fevers, 12 from dropsy and paludic cachexia ; the rest were from noncontagious or infectious diseases.

The municipal authorities have awakened at last, and realize the danger to health and life attending the unhealthy and filthy condition of the city, and are now employing some activity in the sweeping and cleaning of the streets and the burning of all the garbage outside the city limits, and the result has been a diminution of the death rate. Malarial fevers are now decreasing, so is dysentery.

Respectfully,

Dr. H. C. CAMINERO,

Sanitary Inspector, U. S. M. H. S.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Smallpox at Middlesborough.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, *March 9, 1898.*

SIR : Inclosed is a letter from Mr. Nielsen, consular agent at Hartlepool, relative to the smallpox outbreak at Middlesborough.

Respectfully, yours,

HORACE W. METCALF,

United States Consul.

[Inclosure.]

CONSULAR AGENCY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

West Hartlepool, March 10, 1898.

SIR : Since my letter of March 3, I am glad to be able to report a decided improvement in the smallpox epidemic at Middlesborough. The new cases for the last three or

four days have only averaged about a dozen per day ; so that, if no great recrudescence takes place, the authorities may soon reasonably hope to see an end of the epidemic.

The authorities are very stringent in enforcing disinfection, and the streets of the town reek of carbolic acid and chloride of lime. The railway company, too, have a system, when the passengers leave, of spraying with a powerful disinfectant each compartment of the railway carriages on the trains running to Middlesborough.

This place continues free from the smallpox, or, in fact, from any infectious diseases.

Yours, truly,

HANS NIELSEN,
Consular Agent.

STATISTICAL REPORTS.

CUBA—Manzanillo.—Two weeks ended February, 1898. Estimated population, 20,000. Total deaths, 91, including yellow fever, 3, and enteric fever, 2.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended March 5 correspond to an annual rate of 20.7 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,218,378. The highest rate was recorded in Gateshead, viz, 26.1, and the lowest in Preston, viz, 13.0.

London.—One thousand eight hundred and five deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 115; scarlet fever, 8; diphtheria, 38; whooping cough, 49; enteric fever, 11, and diarrhea and dysentery, 11. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 20.9 a thousand. In greater London 2,321 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 18.9 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 22 from diphtheria, 24 from measles, and 11 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended March 5 in the 23 principal town districts of Ireland was 28.7 a thousand of the population. The lowest rate was recorded in Sligo, viz, 15.2, and the highest in Galway, viz, 49.1 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 218 deaths were registered, including enteric fever, 7; scarlet fever, 5, and whooping cough, 2.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended March 5 correspond to an annual rate of 21.8 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,568,536. The lowest mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 12.3, and the highest in Perth, viz, 25.5 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 659, including measles, 20; scarlet fever, 8; diphtheria, 2, and whooping cough, 27.

JAMAICA.—Two weeks ended March 5, 1898. Estimated population, 694,865. Total number of deaths not reported. The deaths included 1 from yellow fever at St. Andrew.

Kingston.—Month of February, 1898. Estimated population, 34,314. Total deaths, 145, including phthisis pulmonalis, 10; enteric fever, 4, and diphtheria, 1.